The ULX M81 X-6: clues for a precessing disc around a weakly magnetised NS

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(Amato et al., 2022, A&A, accept.)

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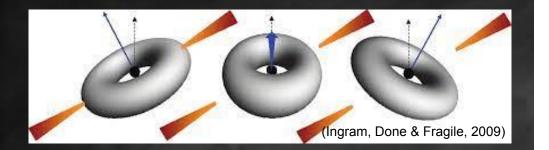
HOW CAN WE DETERMINE THE NATURE OF THE COMPACT OBJECT IN ULXS WHEN PULSATION IS NOT DETECTED?

Why is it important?

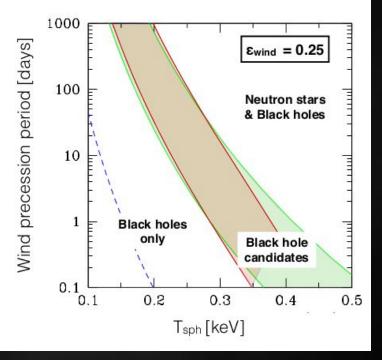
- BH-/NS-ULX population ratio
- Spectral and temporal characteristics
- Binary evolution



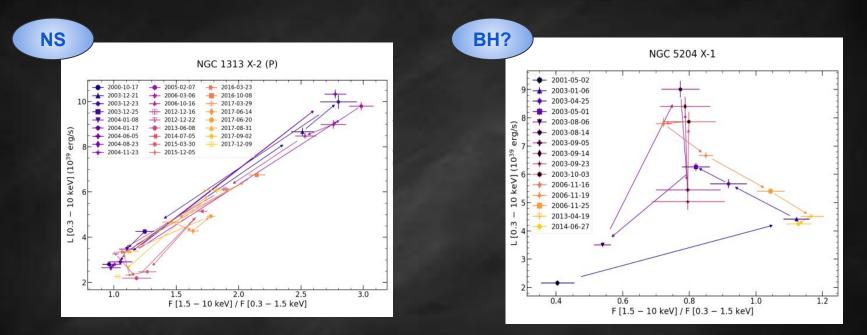
1. LENSE-THIRRING PRECESSION IN ULXS (MIDDLETON ET AL., 2018, 2019)



→ BH and NS occupy different areas on the LT plane

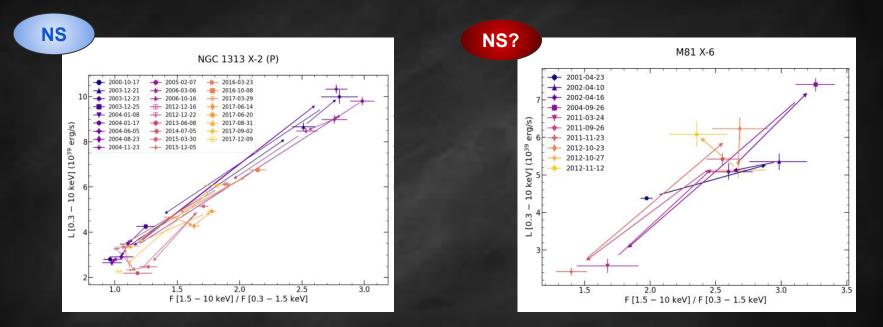


2. LONG-TERM X-RAY SPECTRAL EVOLUTION OF ULXS (GÚRPIDE ET AL., 2021A,B)



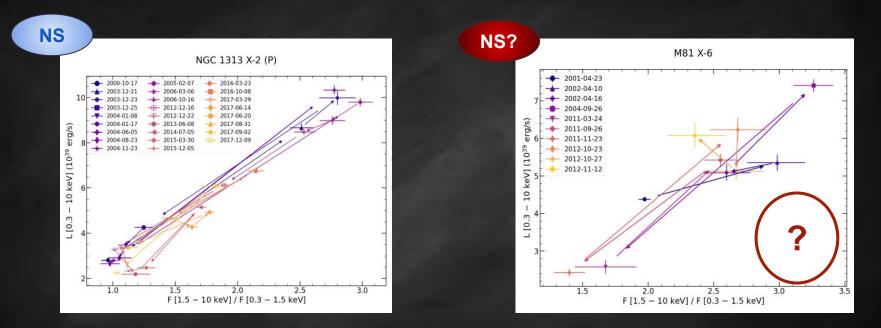
→ The temporal track on the HIDs is different for BH-/NS-ULXs (?)

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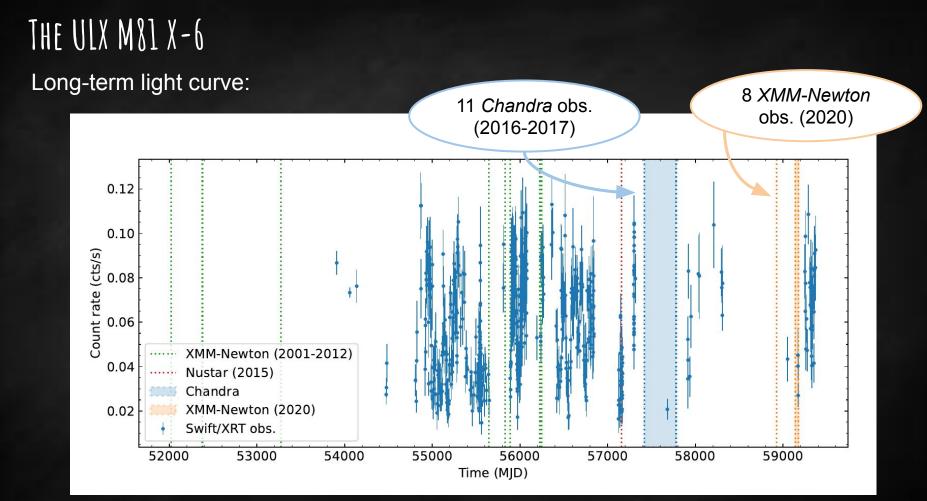


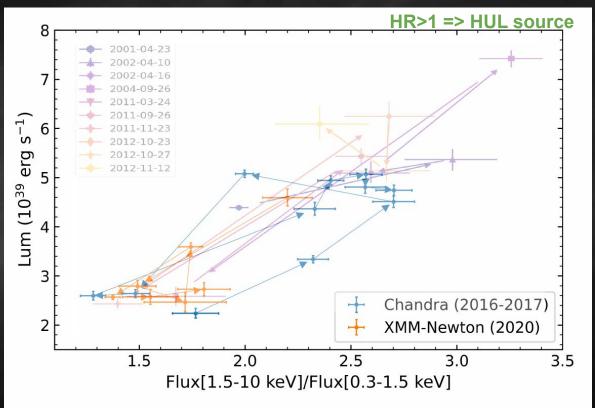
→ M81 X-6 as a NS-ULX candidate

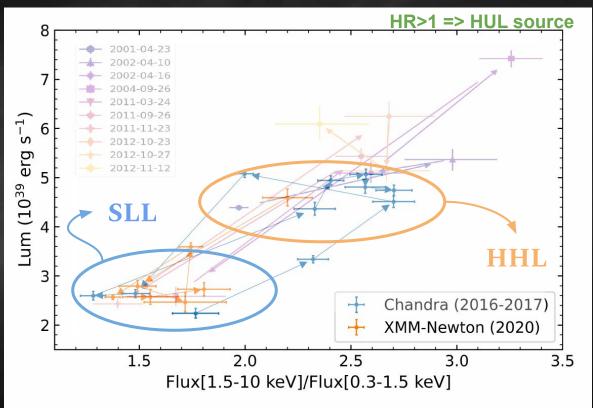
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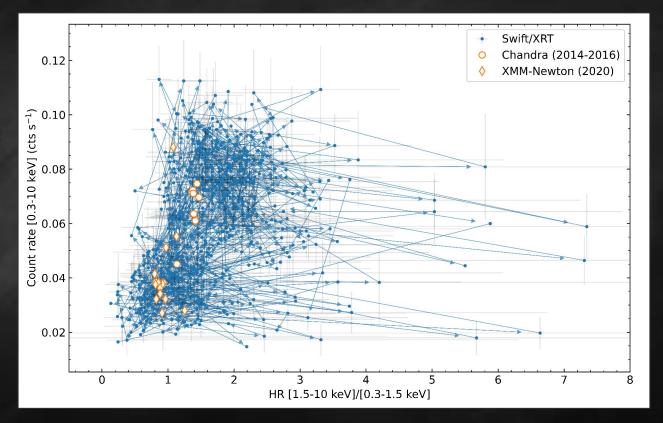


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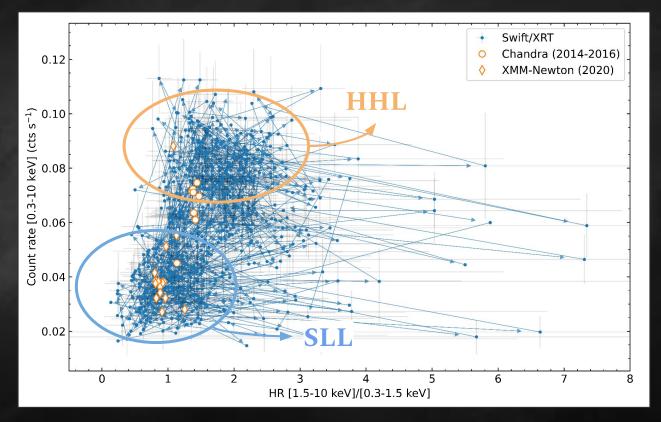






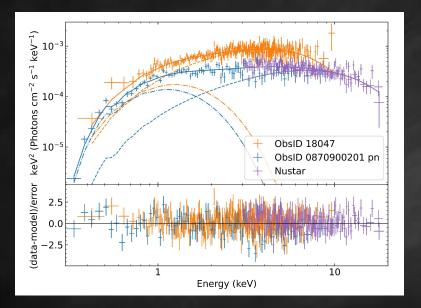


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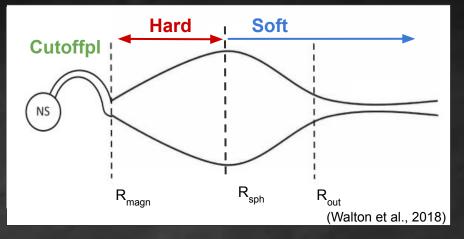
THE ULX M&1 X-6 Spectral characterisation:



- tbabs*tbabs*(diskbb+diskbb+cutoffpl)
- Cutoff power law modeled thanks to *Nustar* data in the SLL state
- Variability in the hard band
- Different T_{hard} (temp. inner disc)
- Same T_{soft} (temp. outer disc)
- F_{cutoff}/F_{tot}=50% SLL

Note: No high-energy data available \Rightarrow power law likely underestimated in the HHL state.

THE ULX M81 X-6



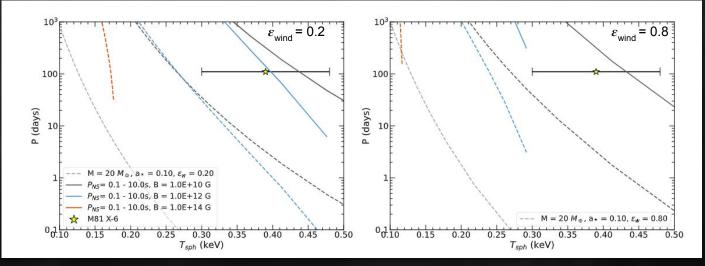
On the origins of the two spectral states:

- T_{soft} corresponds to the temperature at R_{sph} , which is $\propto \dot{m}^{-\frac{1}{2}}$. It is constant in both states => **Constant accretion mass rate**
- Changes in luminosity not enough for transition to **propeller regime** (assuming same spin period as other ULXs)
- Superorbital period (~110 d) would point to the **precession of the accretion disc**

THE ULX M81 X-6

Lense-Thirring precession (Middleton et al., 2018, 2019):

- $B \le 10^{10} \text{ G} \Rightarrow \text{low-magnetised NS}$
- P_{spin} ~ 5–7 s
- Constraints on R_{magn}, R_{sph}, R_{out}, consistent with values from the best fit
- R_{magn} < R_{sph} confirms diluted pulsation



CONCLUSIONS

- M81 X-6 is a HUL source, but exhibits transitions between two regimes: HHL and SLL
- The two spectral states can be attributed to Lense-Thirring precession
- Favoured scenario: Low-magnetised NS with spin of a few seconds
- This method can be applied to NS/BH-ULXs

